Fall Prevention & Protection

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Purpose: To prevent falls when working at a height of 6' or more into floor or wall

openings including roof and bridge work. This guideline also includes trips,

slips, and falls at the workplace.

Scope: All Wayne County employees performing work or inspections at elevated

heights.

I. General Fall Prevention Guidelines

- A. Housekeeping
- B. Non-slip Footwear
- C. Proper Lighting
- D. Slip Resistant Surfaces

II. Floors and Walking Surfaces

- A. All floors shall be kept clean and orderly and in a sanitary condition.
- B. Keep walkways and aisles clear
- C. Label and block areas being cleaned or repaired.
- D. Clean-up spills, leaks, snow melt and rainwater immediately.
- E. Walk slowly with a sliding motion on slippery and uneven surfaces.
- F. Cords, cables, and wires shall be properly located as to not cause a tripping hazard.

III. Roof

- A. Fall protection equipment must be worn when:
 - 1. The roof pitch exceeds 4/12 (four in twelve)
 - 2. The roof surface is covered with snow, ice, frost or leaves.
 - 3. When the roof may not support the weight of the person performing the inspection.
 - 4. When the work or inspection being performed is 6' from the roof edge.
 - 5. When the employee must work near skylights that would not support their weight.

IV. Manholes / Sewer

- A. Hole must be covered or barricaded when the employee leaves the area.
- B. If the hole is open at night, provide adequate lighting.
- C. If the public has access to any hole, trench, excavation regardless of depth, protect the opening completely. Special care should be taken on public right-of-way and on public property.
- D. Ensure tools and equipment do not fall into holes.
- E. Supervisors shall ensure all permanent fall protection, such as guardrails, are properly installed and in good condition.

V. Ladders

- A. Inspect ladders before each use.
 - 1. Check for splinters and sharp edges.
 - 2. Check support braces, bolts, screws, and rivets are in place and in good condition.
- B. Tie ladders off properly.

- C. Set base of ladder out from its support 1' for every 4' of working ladder height.
- D. Set ladders on a firm and level surface.
- E. Extend the ladder at least 3' above the top support.
- F. Face ladder when climbing up or down.
- G. Use both hands to climb.
- H. Always keep one hand on the ladder when working.
- I. Keep metal ladders clear from electrical wires.
- J. Do not place ladders in front of doorways unless locked, blocked, tagged, or barricaded.
- K. Rungs shall be kept free of grease and oil.
- L. Ladders shall not be placed on boxes, barrels, or other unstable bases to obtain additional height.
- M. Short ladders will not be spliced together to form additional length.
- N. Follow all manufacturing guidelines.

VI. Floor and Wall Openings

- A. Permanent floor openings created by pits, manholes, stairs, and ladders shall be guarded.
- B. Pit and trap door openings where traffic is required to pass over the openings shall be guarded with a properly designed floor opening cover.

VII. Scaffolds

- A. Scaffolds and associated equipment will be maintained in a safe condition.
- B. Do not alter or move scaffold horizontally while in use or occupied.
- C. Do not load scaffolds in excess of their intended work load.
- D. Do not allow tools, materials, or debris to accumulate on scaffolds.

E. Metal scaffolds shall not be used near exposed wiring and electrical circuits.

VIII. Stairs

- A. Check condition of stairs and repair missing or broken steps and handrails immediately.
- B. Always use handrails when climbing and descending stairs.
- C. Keep stairs clean and dry.
- D. Clean spills immediately.

IX. Fall Protection Equipment

Fall protection is the use of engineered personal protective devices that will arrest a free fall. Examples include landyards, tripods, lifelines, harnesses, and nets. Fall protection has 3 components: anchor point, body support, and connector.

Before the application of fall protection equipment, contact the Safety / Loss Control Manager. All requirements of Personal Fall Arrest Systems are found in 29 CFR 1910.66 App. C.